Wastewater Treatment



BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | July 2024

Summary of Biosolids Production and End Use

In July, 182 tonnes of Class A Biosolids produced at the Residuals Treatment Facility (RTF) were provided to the Richmond cement manufacturing facility as alternative fuel, per the Definitive Plan. Shipment of biosolids to the Cassidy quarry was paused for July, as stockpiled material was mixed into biosolids growing medium and placed on closed areas of the site. During July, 39 tonnes of Class A biosolids were mixed with sand at Hartland and will to be shipped to the quarry in August. No biosolids were landfilled.

Information on the CRD's biosolids beneficial use strategy can be found <u>here</u>. The Definitive Plan can be found <u>here</u> and the Contingency Plan can be found <u>here</u>.

Biosolids production and end use data for July 2024 is as follows:

	Produced		End Use			
Biosolids Type			Definitive Plan ^b	Alternative Contingency Plan ^c	Hartland Landfill ^d	
Dried ^a	This month	221 t	182 t	39 t	0 t	
Class A	Year to date	1,886 t	282 t	686 t	918 t	
Non-Class A	This month	0 t			0 t	
113.11 3133 71	Year to date	0 t			0 t	

^a Greater than 90% solids

^b Used as an alternative fuel at the Lafarge cement manufacturing facility in Richmond, BC

^c Mixed with sand at Hartland Landfill and stockpiled in Cassidy for future use in quarry reclamation.

^d Class A Biosolids are rendered inert by mixing with soil and landfilled within leachate containment areas, and Non-Class A Biosolids are landfilled as a controlled waste.

Wastewater Treatment



BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | July 2024

Compliance Monitoring

The CRD's contractor, Hartland Resource Management Group (HRMG), tests biosolids produced at the RTF to ensure the biosolids are Class A, as defined by the British Columbia *Organic Matter Recycling Regulation* (OMRR). Testing is performed by CARO Analytical Services. OMRR specifies that for Class A biosolids, metals concentrations must not exceed "those specified in Trade Memorandum T-4-93 (September 1997), Standards for Metals in Fertilizers and Supplements, as amended from time to time." The latest version of OMRR can be found here and the latest version of Trade Memorandum T-4-93 can be found here. In June 2022, The Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy announced the intention to amend OMRR, including new standards for Class A biosolids. Regulatory amendments are expected in 2024. The proposed OMRR Standards have been included in the table for reference. All biosolids met OMRR Class A criteria.

Substance	OMRR Standard a	Proposed OMRR Standard b (mg/kg dry weight)	Biosolids (mg/kg dry weight)		
	(mg/kg dry weight)		Average	Minimum	Maximum
Metals					
Arsenic (As)	666	41	2.07	1.45	2.86
Cadmium (Cd)	177	15	1.39	1.03	1.90
Chromium (Cr)	9,333	1000	45.9	34.9	60.5
Cobalt (Co)	1,333	150	3.09	2.92	3.97
Copper (Cu)	6,666	1500	469	339	621
Mercury (Hg)	44	4	0.598	0.472	0.769
Molybdenum (Mo)	177	20	9.33	7.24	12.0

Wastewater Treatment



BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | July 2024

Nickel (Ni)	1,600	180	20.0	15.4	25.8
Lead (Pb)	4,444	300	29.7	21.9	39.2
Selenium (Se)	124	25	5.18	4.05	6.93
Thallium (TI)	44	NS	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Vanadium (V)	5,777	NS	14.2	10.9	18.9
Zinc (Zn)	16,444	1820	913	677	1240
Fecal Coliforms					
MPN	1,000	1000	<3.0	<3.0	<3.0

^a For metals, the maximum allowable concentrations for Class A biosolids are calculated based on a 500 kg/ha annual application rate; for fecal coliforms, the maximum allowable concentration is a fixed value

^b Proposed OMRR standards are tabled for reference - standards subject to change once final OMRR amendment is published.