

Wastewater Treatment

BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | August 2024

Summary of Biosolids Production and End Use

In August, 213 tonnes of Class A Biosolids produced at the Residuals Treatment Facility (RTF) were provided to the Richmond cement manufacturing facility for use as alternative fuel, and 137 tonnes of Class A biosolids were mixed with sand at Hartland and shipped to the Cassidy quarry, for use in site reclamation. No biosolids were landfilled.

Information on the CRD's biosolids beneficial use strategy can be found [here](#). The Definitive Plan can be found [here](#) and the Contingency Plan can be found [here](#).

Biosolids production and end use data for August 2024 is as follows:

Biosolids Type	Produced		End Use		
			Definitive Plan ^b	Alternative Contingency Plan ^c	Hartland Landfill ^d
Dried ^a Class A	This month	350 t	213 t	137 t	0 t
	Year to date	2,236 t	495 t	823 t	918 t
Non-Class A	This month	0 t	X		0 t
	Year to date	0 t			0 t

^a Greater than 90% solids

^b Used as an alternative fuel at the Lafarge cement manufacturing facility in Richmond, BC

^c Mixed with sand at Hartland Landfill and stockpiled in Cassidy for future use in quarry reclamation.

^d Class A Biosolids are rendered inert by mixing with soil and landfilled within leachate containment areas, and Non-Class A Biosolids are landfilled as a controlled waste.

Wastewater Treatment

BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | August 2024

Compliance Monitoring

The CRD's contractor, Hartland Resource Management Group (HRMG), tests biosolids produced at the RTF to ensure the biosolids are Class A, as defined by the British Columbia *Organic Matter Recycling Regulation* (OMRR). Testing is performed by CARO Analytical Services. OMRR specifies that for Class A biosolids, metals concentrations must not exceed "those specified in Trade Memorandum T-4-93 (September 1997), Standards for Metals in Fertilizers and Supplements, as amended from time to time." The latest version of OMRR can be found here and the latest version of Trade Memorandum T-4-93 can be found here. In June 2022, The Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy announced the intention to amend OMRR, including new standards for Class A biosolids. Regulatory amendments are expected in 2024. The proposed OMRR Standards have been included in the table for reference. All biosolids met OMRR Class A criteria.

Substance	OMRR Standard ^a (mg/kg dry weight)	Proposed OMRR Standard ^b (mg/kg dry weight)	Biosolids (mg/kg dry weight)		
			Average	Minimum	Maximum
Metals					
Arsenic (As)	666	41	1.97	1.65	2.24
Cadmium (Cd)	177	15	1.46	1.27	1.65
Chromium (Cr)	9,333	1000	45.1	40.3	52.9
Cobalt (Co)	1,333	150	2.81	2.44	3.29
Copper (Cu)	6,666	1500	489	450	545
Mercury (Hg)	44	4	0.540	0.457	0.616
Molybdenum (Mo)	177	20	8.12	6.34	9.94

Wastewater Treatment

BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT

Capital Regional District | August 2024

Nickel (Ni)	1,600	180	19.3	17.3	22.1
Lead (Pb)	4,444	300	30.6	26.1	35.6
Selenium (Se)	124	25	5.21	4.51	6.19
Thallium (Tl)	44	ns	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Vanadium (V)	5,777	ns	12.6	11.2	15.2
Zinc (Zn)	16,444	1820	937	824	1080
Fecal Coliforms					
MPN	1,000	1000	<3.0	<3.0	<3.0

^a For metals, the maximum allowable concentrations for Class A biosolids are calculated based on a 500 kg/ha annual application rate; for fecal coliforms, the maximum allowable concentration is a fixed value

^b Proposed OMRR standards are tabled for reference - standards subject to change once final OMRR amendment is published.