### Wastewater Treatment



**BIOSOLIDS PRODUCTION REPORT** 

Capital Regional District | November 2024

### Summary of Biosolids Production and End Use

In November, 306 tonnes of Class A Biosolids produced at the Residuals Treatment Facility (RTF) were mixed with sand at Hartland Landfill and shipped to the Cassidy quarry, for use in site reclamation. Due to an issue with the receiving silo, no biosolids were shipped to the Richmond cement manufacturing facility as alternative fuel. No biosolids were landfilled.

Information on the CRD's biosolids beneficial use strategy can be found <u>here</u>. The Definitive Plan can be found <u>here</u> and the Contingency Plan can be found <u>here</u>.

Biosolids production and	end use data for November	2024 is as follows:
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	solids Type Produced		End Use			
Biosolids Type			Definitive Plan <sup>b</sup>	Alternative Contingency Plan <sup>c</sup>	Hartland Landfill d	
Dried <sup>a</sup>	This month	306 t	0 t	306 t	0 t	
Class A	Year to date	3,108 t	795 t	1,395 t	918 t	
Non-Class A	This month	0 t			0 t	
	Year to date	0 t			0 t	

<sup>a</sup> Greater than 90% solids

<sup>b</sup> Used as an alternative fuel at the Lafarge cement manufacturing facility in Richmond, BC

<sup>c</sup> Mixed with sand at Hartland Landfill and stockpiled in Cassidy for future use in quarry reclamation.

<sup>d</sup> Class A Biosolids are rendered inert by mixing with soil and landfilled within leachate containment areas, and Non-Class A Biosolids are landfilled as a controlled waste.

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### **Compliance Monitoring**

The CRD's contractor, Hartland Resource Management Group (HRMG), tests biosolids produced at the RTF to ensure the biosolids are Class A, as defined by the British Columbia *Organic Matter Recycling Regulation* (OMRR). Testing is performed by CARO Analytical Services. OMRR specifies that for Class A biosolids, metals concentrations must not exceed "those specified in Trade Memorandum T-4-93 (September 1997), Standards for Metals in Fertilizers and Supplements, as amended from time to time." The latest version of OMRR can be found <u>here</u> and the latest version of Trade Memorandum T-4-93 can be found <u>here</u>. In June 2022, The Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy announced the intention to amend OMRR, including new standards for Class A biosolids. Regulatory amendments are expected in 2025. The proposed OMRR Standards have been included in the table for reference. All biosolids met OMRR Class A criteria.

Substance	OMRR Standard ª (mg/kg dry weight)	Proposed OMRR Standard <sup>b</sup> (mg/kg dry weight)	Biosolids (mg/kg dry weight)		
			Average	Minimum	Maximum
Metals			L		
Arsenic (As)	666	41	2.60	2.44	2.74
Cadmium (Cd)	177	15	1.58	1.39	2.21
Chromium (Cr)	9,333	1000	49.9	44.0	54.1
Cobalt (Co)	1,333	150	4.48	3.85	5.09
Copper (Cu)	6,666	1500	458	405	497
Mercury (Hg)	44	4	0.618	0.540	0.699
Molybdenum (Mo)	177	20	8.90	8.37	9.63

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Nickel (Ni)	1,600	180	22.9	19.9	25.0
Lead (Pb)	4,444	300	31.5	28.9	34.1
Selenium (Se)	124	25	5.20	4.80	5.43
Thallium (Tl)	44	NS	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Vanadium (V)	5,777	NS	20.2	17.7	21.6
Zinc (Zn)	16,444	1820	899	821	972
Fecal Coliforms					
MPN	1,000	1000	<3.0	<3.0	<3.0

<sup>a</sup> For metals, the maximum allowable concentrations for Class A biosolids are calculated based on a 500 kg/ha annual application rate; for fecal coliforms, the maximum allowable concentration is a fixed value

<sup>b</sup> Proposed OMRR standards are tabled for reference - standards subject to change once final OMRR amendment is published.